Michael W. Merriam, #09019 700 SW Jackson St Roof Garden Ste 1104 Topeka KS 66603 (785) 233-3700

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF SHAWNEE COUNTY, KANSAS **DIVISION** 7

DOWNTOWN BAR AND GRILL, LLC,)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
v.)	Case No. 10-C-822
STATE OF KANSAS,)	
Defendant.		

PLAINTIFF'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF

COMES NOW Plaintiff, by and through counsel, Michael W. Merriam, and in supplemental support of its Application for Temporary and Permanent Injunction, proffers the following evidence and states and shows as follows:

Attached to this brief are the affidavits (facsimilecopies; originals will be filed when received by mail) of Kevin Haislip, owner of the plaintiff; Greg Turner, owner of a Class B club, the Cattleman's Lounge, in Dodge City, Kansas, and Darty Saunders, co-owner of a drinking establishment known as Bill's 32 Westin Kansas City, Kansas. Each affidavit describes the situation of the Class B clubslicensed after January 1, 2009 in comparison to those licensed previously, and the irreparable harm that they will suffer by reason of the classification system in the Section (HB 2221, Section 3(d)(8)).

In an eminent domain action, the Kansas Supreme Court stated the standard for injunctive relief. See, National Compressed Steel Corp. v. Unified Gov't of Wyandotte County/Kansas City, 272 Kan. 1239, 38 P.3d 723 (2002).

To obtain injunctive relief, the [movant] must show: (1) there is a reasonable probability of irreparable future injury to [movant]: (2) an action at law will not provide an adequate remedy; (3) the threatened injury to [movant] outweighs whatever damage the proposed injunction may cause the opposing party; and (4) the injunction, if issued, would not be adverse to the public interest. Id. at 729 (citing Sampel v. Balbernie. 20 Kan. App. 2d 527, 530-31, 889 P.2d 804 (1985)).

In National, the court states that "injunctive relief is equitable in nature and a substantial showing is required before a court is warranted in ordering a party to do or refrain from doing a certain act." Id. at 729 (citing Kunsas East Conf. Of the United Methodist Church, Inc. v. Bethany Med. Ctr., 266 Kan. 366, 382-83, 969 P.2d 859 (1998). The court determined that the showing made by the movant in this case was "sufficientfor the district court to consider injunctive relief" and reversed the trial court's denial of the permanent injunction. Id. at 730, 734. It is sometimes said that the movant must also show that it is likely to succeed on the merits, State ex rel. Graves v. United States, 86 F. Supp. 2d 1094 (D.Kan 2000), although this requirement which was promulgated by the Court of Appeals in Wichita Wire, Inc. n. Lenox, 11 Kan. App. 2d 459, was not adopted by the Kansas Supreme Court in National.

The Court of Appeals in Wichita Wire listed a somewhat different set of factors in a temporary injunction case:

"This test has often been expanded into four prerequisites which the moving party seeking a temporary or preliminary injunction must establish:

"(1) substantial likelihood that the movant will eventually prevail on the merits, (2) a showing that the movant will suffer irreparable injury unless the injunction issues; (3) proof that the threatened injury to the movant outweighs whatever damage the proposed injunction may cause the opposing parties, and (4) a showing that the injunction, if issued, would not be adverse to the public interest." Lundgrinv. Claytor, 619 F. 2d 61, 63 (10th Cir. 1980); Uarco Inc. v. Eastland, 584 F. Supp. 1259, 1261 (D.Kan. 1984).

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"While this four-factor analysishas never been expressly applied by Kansas state courts, it appears an appropriate standard. Kansas injunction cases have, in fact, never discussed in detail the standards for analyzingan injunction, although reference is frequently made to the prerequisite of irreparable injury. U.S.D. No. 503 v. McKinney, 236 Kan. at 227, 689 P.2d 860; Concerned Citizens, United, Inc. v. Kansas Power & Light Co., 215 Kan. 218, 242-43, 523 P.2d 755 (1974), and cases cited therein. The four factor analysis is well established in the federal courts (Lundgrin v. Claytor, 619 F. 2d 61; Wagner Elec. Corp. v. Thomas, 612 F. Supp. 736, 741 [D.Kan. 1985]; 7 Moore's Federal Practice §§ 65.04 [1986]; 11 Wright & Miller, Federal Practice and Procedure: Civil §§ 2948 [1973]; 42 Am. Jur. 2d. Injunctions §§ 285) and was used by the trial court in the present case."

The difference between the National and Wichita Wire elements is that National replaces the clement of a likelihood of success on the merits with the element of the absence of a remedy at law. It is not entirely clear what stage of injunctive relief was requested in National, because it was denied by the trial court, and ordered to be granted by the Supreme Court. Plaintiff sproffer will address all five elements.

Irreparable harm. Plaintiff proffers the testimony of two owners of Class B clubs and an 1. owner of a drinking establishment, showing that they will in fact suffer injury up to and including complete loss of their businesses, as a result of losing customers to Class B clubs with identical licenses but which were licensed prior to January 2, 2009 The drinking establishmentowner has a somewhat different perspective, but will suffer the same injury.

There are two other factors that supplement the proffered testimony. Deprivation of a constitutional right can be in itself an irreparable injury, without any showing of damages, and the Defendant will be immune from compensating Plaintiff because of sovereign immunity under the Eleventh Amendment.

For the first proposition, see *Elrod v. Burns*, 427 U.S. 347 (1976). In *Ross v. Meese*, 818 F.2d 1132 (4th Cir. 1987), the court said "Denial of a constitutional right constitutes irreparable harm for purposes of equitable jurisdiction." In *Jolly v. Coughlin*, 76 F.3d 468 (2nd Cir. 1996), the court said the district court "properly relied on the presumption of irreparable injury that flows from violation of constitutional rights. In any case, it is the *alleged* violation of a constitutional right that triggers a finding of irreparable injury." (Italics in original).

In Saint v. Nebraska School Activities Ass'n 684 F. Supp. 626, 628 (D.Neb., 1988), the court said, "However true plaintiff's claim may be, when an alleged deprivation of constitutional rights is involved, no further showing of irreparable injury is necessary. Planned Parenthood v. Citizens for Community Action, 558 F.2d 861 (8th Cir. 1977) (citing 11 C. Wright and A. Miller, Federal Practice and Procedure: Civil §§ 2948 at 440 (1973). As the plaintiff has alleged such violations, the threat of irreparable injury is present."

And in Planned Parenthood of Kansas v. Drummond 2007 WL 2811407, 9 (W.D.Mo.) (W.D.Mo.,2007), the court wrote, "The Court finds that Plaintiffs will suffer irreparable harm if a preliminary injunction is not issued at this time. Plaintiffs' showing that the Act will interfere with the exercise of their "constitutional rights and the rights of [their] patients" constitutes irreparable harm. Planned Parenthood of Minn. Inc. v. Citizens for Cmty. Action, 558 F.2d 861, 867 (8th Cir. 1977). See also, e.g., Adams v. Baker, 919 F. Supp. 1496, 1505 (D.Kan. 1996) (where "the plaintiff has alleged

deprivation of her constitutional rights, ... no further showing of irreparable harm is required""). Additionally, because Defendants are immuneunder the Eleventh Amendment from a retroactive award of damages if the Court ultimately finds application of the Act to Plaintiffs unconstitutional, any monetary harm suffered by Plaintiffswillnot be compensable. See Marigold Foods, Inc. v. Redalen, 809 F. Supp. 714, 720 (D.Minn. 1992)."

LAW OFFICE

The State of Kansas would be immune from responding in damages anyway. As noted in Planned Parenthood, supra, under Eleventh Amendment jurisprudence, states are immune from civil liability unless such immunity is waived. Alden v. Maine, 527 U.S. 706, 718 (1999), and recognized in cases such as Kansas Health Care Alliance v. Kansas Department of SRS, 822 F. Supp 687 (1993), aff'd, 31 F.3d 1052

- 2. Injury to Plaintiffoutweighs potential injury to Defendant. The proffered evidence demonstrates the actual injury Plaintiff and similarly situated Class B clubs and other will suffer. The state's evidence would presumable show that it's interest is in ameliorating the effects of second-hard to bacco smoke. But the legislaturchas already made the determination that any such harmful effects are not worth remedying in Class A and Class B clubs licensed prior to January 2, 2009 (as well as in 7 other categories of places), so it can hardly present evidence that injury to citizens who voluntarily patronize such clubs and do not know when they were licensed would outweigh the potential complete loss of existence of clubs situated such as Plaintiff. This showing should be sufficient for a temporary injunction until trial on the merits.
- 3. Injunction is not adverse to the public interest. Proof upon this point is analogous to that in the preceding section. The evidence is that the legislature determined that smoking in Class A and Class

B clubs should not be prohibited in the public interest, but only if they were previously licensed. Yet the date of licensing has utterly nothing to do with smoking, so the legislature's concern with the public interest apparently ends with this classification system, not to mention the seven other categories of exempt locations.

- 4. Action at law option. As a matter of law, there is no possibility of an action at law because of sovereign immunity under the Eleventh Amendment. See discussion above.
- 5. Success on the merits. Plaintiffhas proffered the evidence stated above. The likelihood of success depends upon an analysis of that evidence in light of the controlling law. Plaintiff has briefed the controlling equal protection law in its previously submitted memorandum. This is a clear case of discriminatory classification by the legislature with no rational basis connecting the classification to the legitimatelegislativepurpose. Given the devastating effectupon Plaintiffthe Section will have and the evidenceshows, it is very likely that Plaintiff will prevail in the trial on the merits. Plaintiff concedes that smoking bans have been generally upheld where challenged, but there is no such precedent for the classification at issue here.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff makes the foregoing proffer.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael W. Merriam, #09019

700 SW Jackson St

Roof Garden Ste 1103

Topeka KS 66603

(785) 233-3700

Attorney for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that a true and correct copy of the above and foregoing was sent by facsimile on the 22rd day of June, 2010 to the following:

Tim J. Riemann, Asst Atty General at 785-291-3767

Robert E. Duncan II at 785-233-5659

Michael W. Merriam

Michael W. Merriam, #09019 700 SW Jackson St Roof Garden Ste 1104 Topeka KS 66603 (785) 233-3700

COUNTY OF LEAVENWORTH) ss.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF SHAWNEE COUNTY, KANSAS DIVISION 7

DOWNTOWN BAR AND GRILL, LLC, Plaintiff,)	
v. STATE OF KANSAS,	}	Case No. 10-C-82
Defendant.		
STATE OF KANSAS)		

AFFIDAVIT OF KEVIN HAISLIP

COMES NOW, Kevin Haislip, of lawful age, and allege and state as follows:

- 1. I am the owner of Downtown Bar & Grill, 622 E 4th St, Tonganoxie, Kansas, that was licensed in May 2009.
- 2. Tonganoxic is not an isolated town. It is a suburb of Kansas City, Kansas with all of the development in the last 15 years.
- 3. Tonganoxie is only 15 minutes from Leavenworth, Kansas City, Lawrence, Desoto and Oskaloosa. Please see the attached lists of all Class B bars that are less than 20 minutes from my bar in the surrounding area.
- 4. Tonganoxie is a Abedroom community with a limited amount of employment. Ninety percent of our clients work in the surrounding metro areas.
- 5. Because over 80% of my daily clientele are smokers, they will all go to the bars on the attached two lists.
 - Attached as exhibits are lists of Class B clubs in close proximity to my club.

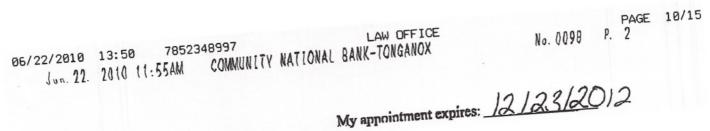
FURTHER AFFIANT SAITH NOT.

Kevin Haislip

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 22 day of June, 2010.

Heather R. Heim
My Appr. Bap. 12/23/20/2

Notary Public



11/15

HAISLIP APPIDAVIT EXHIBIT

County Name Business Name Address **Цісепав Туре** License Number License Exp Data Owner City State ZID Legyproyech FATHEADS IRISH PUBLIC FATHFADS IRIGH PUB 327 DELAWARE LEAVENWORTH KS 65048 Class B Club (09) 9007100201 6/2/2011 BENNYS 2001 DAKOTA ST LEAVENWORTH KS 66048 Class B Club (09) 9007016201 10/7/2010 Leavenworth HYDEREGGYL TOMS COUNTRY STAMPEDE 745 CHEROKEE LEAVENWORTH KS 85048 CIRRR B Club (09) 9007103001 1/2/2011 MCWILLIAMSTHOMAS LJR Legypnworth 9007105101 NO NAME TAVERNILLO NO NAME TAVERN SOT CHEROKEE LEAVENWORTH KS 66048 Class B Club (09) 11/1/2010 Leavenworth Leavenworth PAUENANNEI IE A OUR PLACE 313 DELAWARE ST LEAVENWORTH 86048 Clook B Club (00) 0007008401 1/9/2011 CHATTERDOX 101 E CAROL LANSING 66043 Class B Club (09) 9007008502 B/21/2010 Leavenworth WALSHJACQUELINE R KS BEER THIRTY LLC BEER THIRTY 9150 LEXINGTON AVE DESCTO 68018 Class 8 Club (09) 9019150712 12/9/2010 Johnson FLY INC SILVER WHEEL TAVERN B385 PENNER AVE DESOTO 65018 Class 8 Club (09) 901909G412 6/30/2010 Johnson CLABAUGHSCOTT W STINKYS OTHER SIDE 305 JEFFERSON 9T OSKALOOSA KS 68088 Class & Club (09) 9046122405 11/1/2010 Joffercon FREDS PLACE 908 N CEDAR ST PERRY 65073 Class A Club (09) 9046121503 7/31/2010 lefferens. FREDS PLACE INC. LAWRENCE KS 66044 Class B Club (09) 9016013400 4/14/2011 Oqualas LITTLE RENO INC PARADISE BALOON 1697 HWY 40

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Michael W. Merriam, #09019 700 SW Jackson St Roof Garden Ste 1104 Topeka KS 66603 (785) 233-3700

COUNTY OF FORD

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF SHAWNEE COUNTY, KANSAS **DIVISION 7**

DOWNTOWN BAR AND GRILL, LLC, Plaintiff,	
v. STATE OF KANSAS,) Case No. 10-C-822
Defendant.	`
STATE OF KANSAS)	

AFFIDAVIT OF GARY TURNER

COMES NOW, Gary Turner, of lawful age, and alleges and states as follows:

) \$5.

- I am the owner of the Cattlemen=s Lounge in Dodge City, Kansas, purchased January 1, 2009 and licensed March 8, 2009 as a Class B bar.
- Dodge City passed a Asmoking ban@ exempting all Class B clubs in September 17, 2008, which prompted the purchase of the Cattlemen=s Lounge.
- The exemption for Class B bars Alicensed before January 1, 2009" will put the Cattlemen=s Lounge out of business as it will now have to compete with eight clubs that will be able to allow smoking. Additionally, our substantial investment will be irreparably lost.
- We would not have considered buying the club until Dodge City passed a ban exempting all Class B clubs. Now, not only do we have a large investment to deal with, but also we have 45 months left on our lease of the building (\$27,000). As you can see from the attached list of Class B bars exempt from the ban, we are now going to be competing on a very unlevel Aplaying field@ with them and especially the Casino which opened December 2010.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAITH NOT.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 22 day of June, 2010.

My appointment expires:

TURNER AFFIDAVIT EXHIBIT

County Name	Owner	Business Nanta	Address	City 5	State	Zip Licinse Type	Licanse Number	License Exp Date
Ford	DEL REALLEOBARDO	EL CAPORALNIGHT CLUB	206 E TFAIL	DODGE CITY K	(8 6	7801 Class B Club (09)	9035061901	10/23/2010
Ford	EL COYOTE DISCO LLC	EL COYOTE DISCO	1420 E WYATT EARP	DODGE CITY &	S 6	7801 Class 8 Club (09)	9035063801	9/28/2010
Ford	EL TCRINOS CLUB INC	EL TORINOS CLUB	110 W WYATT EARP	DODGE CITY X	(S &	7801 Class 8 Club (09)	9035063001	1/7/2011
Ford	HERRINGTONVICKIE S	H DS SPORTS BAR	2600 CENTRAL	DODGE CITY &	KS 6	7801 Class 8 Club (09)	9036064901	2/28/2011
Ford	LAST POCKET LLC	LAST POCKET	1216 E WYATT EARP BLVD	DODGE CITY K	S B	7801 Class 8 Club (09)	9036064301	9/28/2010
Ford	POLLINGTONCHERYL	FUGARWEES LAST CHANCE	_103.S.2ND.AVE	DODSE CITY H	(S6	2801_Class B Club (09)_	9035084401	7/27/2010
Fcrd	RUMBAUGHDAVID A & VAZERAC	DOCTORS OFFICE	113 GUNSMOKE	DODGE CITY K	CS B	7801 Class B Club (09)	9035065201	9/12/2010

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF SHAWNEE COUNTY, KANSAS DIVISION

DOWNTOWN BAR AND GRILL, LLC, Plaintiff,

STATE OF KANSAS,

Defendant

Case No. 10-C-822

STATE OF KANSAS COUNTY OF WYANDOTTE

AFFIDAVIT OF DARTY SAUNDERS

COMES NOW, Darty Saunders, of lawful age, and alleges and states as follows:

- I am the co-owner of Bill=s 32 West at 6500 Kaw Drive, Kansas City, Kansas, purchased in August 200. It is a small neighborhood bar and cater to a middle-aged crowd of which 80-90% arc smokers.
- Bill=s 32 West is a Drinking Establishment. There are 11 Class B bars within 10 minutes of Bill=s 32 West and two just blocks away which will be allowed to keep smokers in their bars.
- The exemption for Class B bars licensed before January 1, 2009" will put Bill-s 32 West out of business within days as I will have to keep smokers out of my bar. The 11 Class B bars in the attached list are direct competitors of ours and will have a distinct advantage. Our investment will be lost.

FURTHER AFFLANT SAITH NOT.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 23 day of June, 2010.

Notary Public

My appointment expires: 5.16.2013

County Name	Owner	Business Name	Address	City	State	Zip License Type	License Number	License Exp Date
Wyandotte	APRILS FIRELIGHT LOUNGE INC	APRILS FIRELIGHT LOUNGE	2043B N 18TH ST	KAYSAS CITY	KS	66104 Class B Club (09)	9001037601	12/1/2010
VVyandotle	BLUE ROSES INC	BLUE ROSES	1013 CENTRAL AVE	KAYSAS CITY	KS	66102 Class B Club (09)	9001141801	7/6/2010
VVyzndotte	BURTONING	C&R	4223 LEAVENWORTH RD	KANSAS CITY	KS	66104 Class 8 Club (09)	9001492501	3/20/2011
Wyandotte	C & M ENTERTAINMENT CO INC	BUBBLE ROOM	1700 CENTRAL AVE	KANSAS CITY	KS	66102 Class & Club (09)	9001033501	4/4/2011
Wyandotte	JANSEN HOWARD II	ALIBI CLUB	975 KANSAS AVE	KANSAS CITY	KS	66105 Class B Club (09)	9001506401	6/12/2010
Wyandotte	JUDD JOYCE D	BAR NOVE LOUNGE	1200 OSAGE AVE	KANSAS CITY	KS	66105 Class B Club (09)	9001498401	4/11/2011
Wyandotte	MARTY NOWICZ CHARLES R	STRAWBERRY SOUTH CLJB	48 S 7TH ST	KANSAS CITY	K5	66101 Class B Club (09)	9001010301	7/17/2010
Wyandotte	MS KITTYS CLUB INC	DOUBLE TS ROADHOUSE	1421 MERRIAM LN	KANSAS CITY	KS	66103 Class B Club (09)	9001066501	9/28/2010
WyEndotle	OWONA INC	RIVER ROAD INN	813 LORING DR	BONNER SFRINGS	KS	66012 Class B Club (09)	9001039902	12/1/2010
Wyandotte	WYRICK PAULINE	RAYS COACH CLJB	1102 OSAGE	KANSAS CITY	KS	66105 Class B Club (09)	9001 142901	11/15/2010
Johnson	WILDCARD VENTURES LLC	K CS NEIGHBORHOOD BAR &	10201 W 47TH	MERRIAM	KS	86203 Class B Club (09)	9019164508	2/18/2011

SAUDIDERS AFFIDAVIT EXHIBIT

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